

Draft Guidance on Paliperidone Palmitate

This draft guidance, when finalized, will represent the current thinking of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA, or the Agency) on this topic. It does not establish any rights for any person and is not binding on FDA or the public. You can use an alternative approach if it satisfies the requirements of the applicable statutes and regulations. To discuss an alternative approach, contact the Office of Generic Drugs.

Active Ingredient: Paliperidone palmitate

Dosage Form; Route: Extended-release suspension; intramuscular

Recommended Studies: One study

Type of study: (1) Parallel group, steady-state or (2) two-period, crossover steady-state
Strength: 156 mg/mL

Subjects: Male and nonpregnant female patients with schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder who are already receiving a stable regimen of paliperidone palmitate extended-release suspension via the intramuscular route. Patients who are already receiving 156 mg of paliperidone injection every month would be eligible to participate in the study if continuing their established maintenance dose.

Additional comments: (1) FDA does not recommend that studies be conducted using healthy subjects or patients on a different antipsychotic treatment. (2) Both sites of injection (gluteal and deltoid) should be included in the study design for adequate site representation to support the results of the study. (3) More than three doses may be required to reach steady state. Pharmacokinetic (PK) data should be submitted to demonstrate that steady state has been reached for each individual.

Analytes to measure (in appropriate biological fluid): Paliperidone in plasma

Bioequivalence based on (90% CI): Paliperidone

In the evaluation of bioequivalence (BE) of the multiple-dose study, the following PK data should be submitted for paliperidone:

- Individual and mean blood drug concentration levels in a dosing interval after steady state is reached
- Individual and mean trough levels (C_{\min} ss)
- Individual and mean peak levels (C_{\max} ss)
- Calculation of individual and mean steady-state AUC_{τ} (AUC_{τ} is AUC during a dosing interval at steady state)

- Individual and mean percent fluctuation $[=100 * (C_{\max \text{ SS}} - C_{\min \text{ SS}})/C_{\text{average SS}}]$
- Individual and mean time to peak concentration

The 90% confidence interval for the ratio of the geometric means of the PK parameters (AUC and C_{\max}) should be within 80-125%. Fluctuation for the test product should be evaluated for comparability with fluctuation of the reference product. The trough concentration data should also be analyzed to verify that steady state was achieved prior to PK sampling.

Waiver request of in vivo testing: 39 mg/0.25 mL, 78 mg/0.5 mL, 117 mg/0.75 mL, and 234 mg/1.5 mL strengths based on (i) acceptable BE study on the 156 mg/mL strength, (ii) acceptable in vitro dissolution testing of all strengths, and (iii) proportional similarity of the formulations across all strengths.

Dissolution test method and sampling times: The dissolution information for this drug product can be found on the FDA-Recommended Dissolution Methods Web site, available to the public at the following location: <http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/dissolution/>. Conduct comparative dissolution testing on 12 dosage units each of all strengths of the test and reference products. Specifications will be determined upon review of the abbreviated new drug application (ANDA). Note: a dosage unit for a suspension is the labeled strength (mg/mL).